



IISSION

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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT FORM X-17A-5 PART III

SEC File Number

8-41431

FACING PAGE

Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

Report for the period beginning January 1, 2006 and ending December 31, 2006						
A. REGISTRANT INFORMATION						
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:			Official Use Only			
Kane McKenna Capital, Inc.			Firm ID No.			
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE 150 N. Wacker Drive, Suite 1600 (No. and Street)	OF BUSINESS	S (Do not use F	P.O. Box No.):			
Chicago (City)	Illinois (State)	60606 (Zip Code)				
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER REPORT:	R OF PERSON	TO CONTAC	T IN REGARD TO THIS			
Philip R. McKenna, President	(Area Code – Telephone					
B. ACCOU	NTANT IDEN	ITIFICATION				
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUN Virchow, Krause & Company, LLP (Name – If Individual, state last, first, middle name)	TANT whose o	pinion is conta	ined in this Report*			
1301 West 22nd Street, Suite 400 (No. and Street)			SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION RECEIVED			
Oak Brook (City)	Illinois (State)	60523	MAR 0 1 2007 Branch of registrations			
CHECK ONE:	\\A	PR 0 3 2007	O2 EXAMINATIONS			
Certified Public Accountant Public Accountant Accountant, not resident in United	$\mathcal{H}/1$	HOMSON	sions			
FOR OFFICAL USE ONLY						

^{*}Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report covered by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on as the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2)

OATH OR AFFIRMATION

accom McKen that ne	panying financial statement and supporting the partial inc. as of December 31, 2006, and the partial inc.	the best of my knowledge and belief, the g schedules pertaining to the firm of Kane, are true and correct. I further swear (or affirm) prietor, principal officer or director has any as that of a customer, except, as follows:
None.		
		// m
& NOTA	UFFICIAL SEAL" JENNIFER J. SCACCIA ARY PUBLIC STATE OF ILLINOIS Commission Expires 0C/07/2008	Signature Title
Jun	Notary Hublic	
inis Ro	eport** contains (check all applicable boxes)	:
X (a) X (b)	Facing Page Statement of Financial Condition	
X (c)	Statement of Income (Loss)	
X (d)	Statement of Changes in Financial Conditi	
X (e) X (f) X (g)	Statement of Changes in Stockholders Eq Statement of Changes in Liabilities Subord	uity or Partners or Sole Proprietor's Capital linated to Claims or Creditors
X (g)	Computation of Net Capital	
X (h)	Computation for Determination of Reserve	•
X (i) (j)	Information Relating to the Possession or A reconciliation, including appropriate expl Under Rule 15c3-1 and the Computation for Under Exhibit A of Rule 15c3-3	
	A Reconciliation between audited and una	udited Statements of Financial Condition with
X (I)	respect to methods of consolidation An Oath or Affirmation	
(m)	A copy of the SIPC Supplemental Report	
[A report describing any material inadequate since the date of the previous audit	cies found to exist or found to have existed
X (o)	Independent Auditors' Report on Internal C	Control
** For 5(e)3.	conditions of confidential treatment of certa	ain portions of this filing, see section 240.17a-



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Stockholder of Kane, McKenna Capital, Inc. Chicago, Illinois

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets of Kane, McKenna Capital, Inc. (an Illinois corporation), as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the years then ended. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Kane, McKenna Capital, Inc., as of December 31, 2006 and 2005, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The financial information listed as supplementary schedules in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Oak Brook, Illinois February 26, 2007 Vercher, Krause , Company, Cl.P.

BALANCE SHEETS

DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

	2006			2005	
<u>ASSETS</u>					
Current Assets: Cash Accounts receivable	\$	65,847 18,210	\$	172,510 43,205	
Total Current Assets		84,057		215,715	
Total Assets	\$	84,057	\$	215,715	
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY					
<u>Liabilities</u>					
Current Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to parent Income taxes payable to parent	\$	800 2,000 462	\$	- 136,400 <u>238</u>	
Total Liabilities		3,262		136,638	
Stockholder's Equity		80,795		79,077	
Total Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity	\$	84,057	\$	215,715	

STATEMENTS OF INCOME

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

l	2006	2005
REVENUES		
Advisory fees	\$ 452,993	\$ 617,000
Total Revenues	452,993	617,000
<u>EXPENSES</u>		
Professional fees Manangement fee Administrative and other	13,552 430,000 7,261	597,000
Total Expenses	450,813	615,877
INCOME BEFORE PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	2,180	1,123
PROVISION FOR INCOME TAXES	462	238
NET INCOME	\$ 1,718	\$ 885

STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

Common Stock, \$1 Par Value 1.000 Shares Authorized

			1,000 Snares	Al	itiiorizea	 					
	Number of Shares (Issued and Outstanding)		Amount		Additional Paid-In Capital	Stock bscriptions Recievable		Retained Earnings		Total	
Balance, December 31, 2004	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	24,000	\$ (18,500)	\$	71,692	\$	78,192	
NET INCOME		_	-	_	-	 -	_	885		885	
Balance, December 31, 2005	1,000		1,000		24,000	(18,500)		72,577		79,077	
NET INCOME		_	<u> </u>	_		 <u> </u>	_	1,718		1,718	
Balance, December 31, 2006	1,000	<u>\$</u>	1, <u>000</u>	<u>\$</u>	24,000	\$ (18,500)	<u>\$</u>	74,295	<u>\$</u>	80,795	

STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

	2006	2005
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Net Income Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:	\$ 1,718	8 \$ 885
Decrease in accounts receivable (Decrease) Increase in accounts payable (Decrease) Increase in due to parent (Decrease) Increase in income taxes payable to parent	24,995 800 (134,400 224	(2,350) (100,871)
Total Cash Provided by (Used in) Operating Activities	(106,663	115,305
NET (DECREASE) INCREASE IN CASH	(106,663	3) 115,305
CASH AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	172,510	57,205
CASH AT END OF YEAR	\$ 65,847	\$ 172,510
Income taxes paid to parent	\$ 238	\$ 14,497

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

1. ORGANIZATION

Kane, McKenna Capital, Inc. (the "Company") is a wholly-owned subsidiary of Kane, McKenna and Associates, Inc. ("Parent"). The Parent is organized to engage in and provide economic business and financial consulting, and advisory services, to both the private and public sectors, primarily in Chicago and surrounding areas.

The Company is registered as a broker-dealer with the Securities and Exchange Commission and is a member of the National Association of Securities Dealers, Inc. ("NASD") and the Securities Investor Protection Corporation ("SIPC").

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies followed by the Company in the preparation of its financial statements:

A. Revenue Recognition

The Company provides advice and consulting services to issuers or obligors with respect to the issuance or proceeds of municipal securities. The Company receives a fee for its services based on either hours of services provided at negotiated hourly rates or fixed fees based on contractual agreements. Fees are recorded as revenue as consulting services are performed. Allowances for uncollectible accounts are determined at management's discretion based on experience with the client and economic stability of the client. As of December 31, 2006 and 2005, no amounts are reserved for uncollectible accounts.

B. Use of Estimates in Preparation of Financial Statements

The preparation of the accompanying financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make certain estimates and assumptions that directly affect the results of reported assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses and related disclosures. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

3. <u>NET CAPITAL REQUIREMENTS</u>

As a registered broker-dealer, the Company is subject to the requirements of Rule 15c3-1 (the "net capital rule") under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. The basic concept of the rule is liquidity, its objective being to require a broker and dealer to maintain adequate net capital, as defined. Specifically, the net capital rule prohibits a broker-dealer from permitting "aggregate indebtedness" to exceed 15 times "net capital" (15 to 1), as both those terms are defined. Net capital information as of December 31, 2006 and 2005 is as follows:

	<u>2006</u>	<u>2005</u>
Minimum net capital requirement	\$ 5,000	\$ 5,000
Actual net capital, as defined	62,585	35,872
Aggregate indebtedness, as defined	3,262	136,638

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2006 AND 2005

4. <u>INCOME TAXES</u>

The provision for income taxes results in an effective income tax rate of 21.19% for both 2006 and 2005; the rate is computed by dividing the provision for income taxes by income before provision for income taxes. The difference between the effective income tax rate and the statutory Federal income tax rate is attributable primarily to the state tax provision.

The provision for income taxes for 2006 and 2005 were comprised of the following:

	<u>2006</u>		<u>2005</u>			
Current FederalCurrent State	\$	303 159		82 156		
Total	\$	<u>462</u>	\$	238		

The Company's tax expense/liability is its apportionment of the total tax liability of the Parent based on its respective share of taxable income.

5. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Company recognizes as revenue all advisory fees earned by the Parent through its activities. Because the Parent pays for all expenses of the Company, a management fee is paid to the Parent for the Company's approximate share of the expenses, under a fee sharing arrangement.

COMPUTATION OF NET CAPITAL

PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-1

DECEMBER 31, 2006

TOTAL STOCKHOLDER'S EQUITY	\$	80,795
DEDUCTIONS:		
Total non-allowable assets		18,210
NET CAPITAL	<u>\$</u>	<u>62,585</u>
REQUIRED NET CAPITAL	\$	5,000
EXCESS NET CAPITAL	<u>\$</u>	<u>57,585</u>

Note: There is no material difference between the audited Net Capital computation and Kane, McKenna Capital, Inc.'s calculation in its corrected FOCUS report for December 31, 2006.

COMPUTATION FOR DETERMINATION OF RESERVE REQUIREMENTS

PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3

DECEMBER 31, 2006

No computation of reserve requirements has been made because Kane, McKenna Capital, Inc. is exempt from these requirements pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(ii) because the Company does not carry customers' accounts on its books.

COMPUTATION FOR POSSESSION OR CONTROL REQUIREMENTS

PURSUANT TO RULE 15c3-3

DECEMBER 31, 2006

No computation of possession or control requirements has been made because Kane, McKenna Capital, Inc. is exempt from these requirements pursuant to paragraph (k)(2)(ii) because the Company does not carry customers' accounts on its books.

RECONCILIATIONS

PURSUANT TO RULE 17a5 (d) (4)

DECEMBER 31, 2006

		RULE 15c3-1			
		Net <u>Capital</u>	Ag	Total gregate <u>btedness</u>	
AS REPORTED BY KANE, MCKENNA CAPITAL, INC. IN THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL AND OPERATIONAL COMBINED UNIFORM SINGLE ("FOCUS") REPORT PART II A:					
Net Capital	\$	62,585	\$	-	
Total Aggregated Indebtedness				3,262	
Total Adjusted Balances	<u>\$</u>	62,585	<u>\$</u>	3,262	



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL

To the Stockholders of Kane, McKenna Capital, Inc.

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements of Kane, McKenna Capital, Inc. (the "Company") as of and for the year ended December 31, 2006, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, we considered the Company's internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.

Also, as required by Rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including consideration of control activities for safeguarding securities. This study included tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in Rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate indebtedness (or aggregate debits) and net capital under Rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of Rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications, and comparisons and recordation of differences required by Rule 17a-13.
- 2. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System.

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of the entity's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first and second paragraphs and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control and control activities for safeguarding securities that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures, as described in the second paragraph of the report, were adequate at December 31, 2006 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the board of directors and management of the Company, the SEC, the NASD, and other regulatory agencies that rely on Rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Chicago, Illinois February 26, 2007

Vercher, Keause & Company, LLP

